







Irvington Plaza, Indianapolis, IN

February 10-15, 2019

About the Urban Land Institute

- The mission of the Urban Land Institute is to provide leadership in the responsible use of land and in creating and sustaining thriving communities worldwide.
- ULI is a membership organization with more than 42,000 members worldwide representing the spectrum of real estate development, land use planning and financial disciplines, working in private enterprise and public service.
- What the Urban Land Institute does:
 - Conducts research
 - Provides a forum for sharing of best practices
 - Writes, edits and publishes books and magazines
 - Organizes and conducts meetings
 - Directs outreach programs
 - Conducts Advisory Services Panels





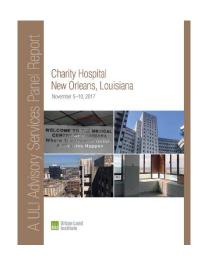












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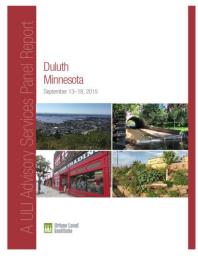


The Advisory Services Program

- Since 1947
- 15 20 panels a year on a variety of land use subjects
- Provides independent, objective, and candid advice on important land use and real estate issues





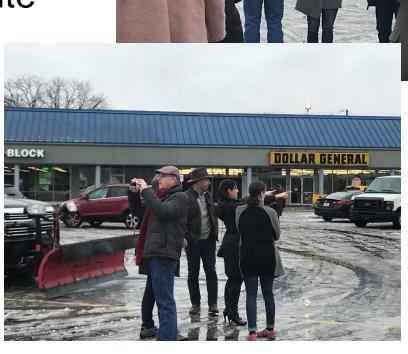






The Panel Process

- Review background materials
- Receive a sponsor presentation and tour
- Conduct stakeholder interviews
- Consider data, frame issues and write recommendations
- Make presentation
- Produce a final report





Panelists

Alan Razak- AthenianRazak, Philadelphia, PA (Chair)

Jay Amin- VIA Consulting Group/I-S-LAND Companies, Crofton, MD

Dan Anderton- Dewberry, Gaithersburg, MD

Erwin Andres- Gorove/Slade, Washington, DC

Rick Goldman- Pacific Construction Services, Chicago, IL

Anita Kramer- The Urban Land Institute, Washington, DC

Theresa Ward- Department of Economic Development and Planning,
Suffolk County, NY

ULI Staff

Lauren Callaghan- Director- Advisory Services Rebecca Hill- Associate- Meetings and Events Jacob Dines- Intern- Ball State University



Study Area and Project Sites



Sponsor Questions

- What types of redevelopment would the market support for this site?
- How can multimodal connectivity be improved within the site and study area?
- What potential problems might the City of Indianapolis, the Irvington Development Organization, and IndyGo face when pursuing redevelopment of the site?
- What actionable steps should the City of Indianapolis, the Irvington Development Organization, and/or IndyGo take to initiate and pursue redevelopment of the site?
- What roles might the Federal Transit Administration Joint Development program, Indiana redevelopment law, and/or tax-incremental financing play in the potential redevelopment of the site?



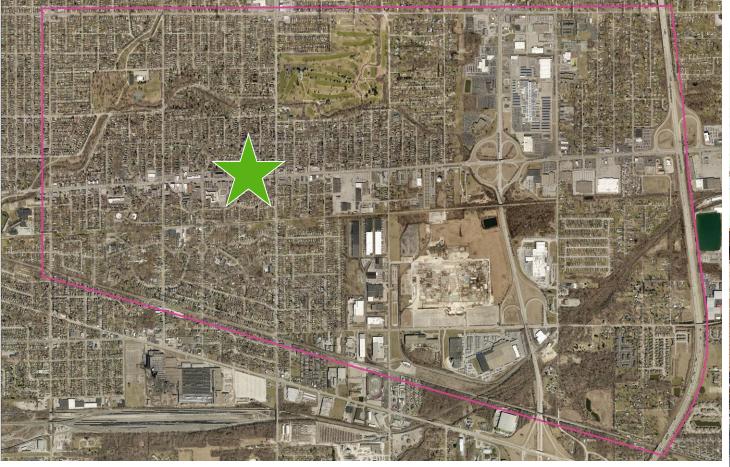
Panel Assignment (the Questions Distilled)

- Redevelopment types and program for study sites?
- How to improve multimodal connectivity in and around study site?
- What are potential problems?
- What are the steps?
- What roles can FTA Joint Development program, Indiana redevelopment law and/or TIF play?

Presentation Overview

- I. Introduction
- II. Market
- III. Design
- IV. Connectivity
- V. Actions and Challenges
- VI. Implementation
- VII. The Numbers
- VIII. Conclusion



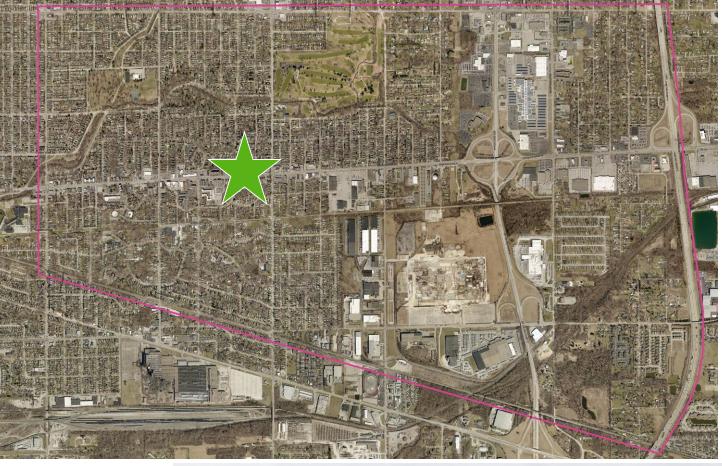


















The Role of the Subject Project

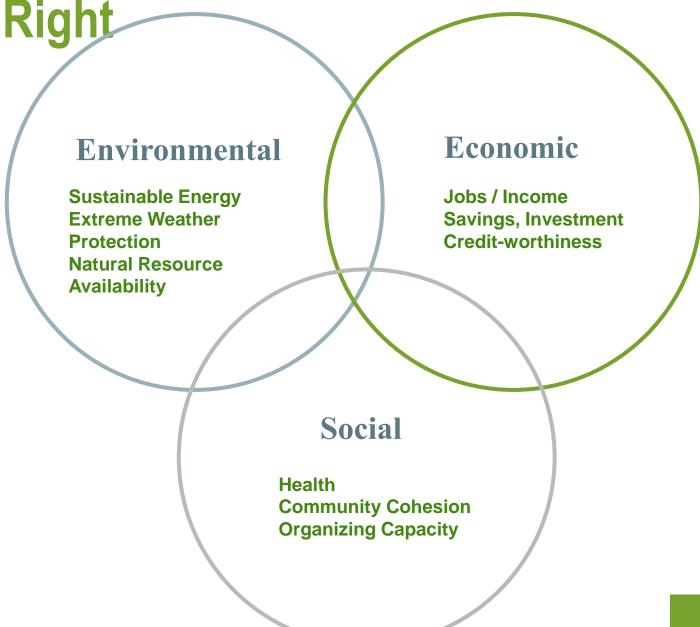
It's all Irvington – let's connect it





Getting Your Future Right

- A more sustainable development model
- The triple bottom line
- BRT



Irvington Plaza Concept

- A gathering place
- A gateway
- A neighborhood



A Real Plaza for Irvington





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Market Analysis: Overview

Focus

- Housing
- Retail
- Creative space
- = Mixed-use

Why, in general?

- Former shopping center sites have proven to be viable locations of mixed-use development
 - Unique in site size in older communities
 - Depth allows for housing options away from arterial
 - Retail remains viable due to sites accessibility and visibility, even if it is at a reduced footprint
 - Altogether, have provided opportunities to create new neighborhoods
- The specifics of Irvington Plaza



Market Analysis: Housing

Marion County

- Demand for 18,082 new, attached units in walkable neighborhoods in a span of 30 years (2010-2040)
 - 600 units per year, average
 (Greenstreet, 2018 Blue Line TOD Strategic Plan)

Irvington Plaza site

- Blue Line BRT station at Irvington Plaza
 - + Adjacent to Pennsy Trail
 - + New street grid
 - + New commercial and community uses
- = A walkable neighborhood, not just a transit-oriented housing site
- 440 attached units at this large, strong site



Market Analysis: 440 Attached Units

Overview

- Demand for additional available product in the Study Area
 Current velocity of higher priced single-family home sales in Irvington
 Lower-priced homes remain on the market for longer periods
- 2.5% of total 30-year demand in Marion County
- 5-year phase-in; 88 units per year
 15% of annual average 30-year absorption
- 22 units per acre (gross density)

 Exceeds residential minimum for District Centers, Station area's designation (*TOD Strategic Plan*)
- 6.7% increase in dwelling units in the Study Area
 Creates a new neighborhood & a new housing product for Irvington market
 Expands demand for retail and commercial space
 Increases potential BRT ridership

Market Analysis: 440 Attached Units

(Working) Profile

• 226 units

For-sale townhomes

2-story + loft, 1,600 square feet of living space plus garage

2-story, 1,200 square feet of living space plus garage

214 units

Urban Niche

Rental

624 square feet average

Studios & 1-bedrooms; some 2-bedrooms

Multiple market segments/generations

Millennials/Gen Z who prefer to rent

Boomers/seniors looking to downsize, one-level, remain in community

Everyone in between



Market Analysis: Retail/Commercial

Overview:

- 62,000 square feet of supportable retail/commercial space
- 20% of the current retail/commercial square footage at Irvington Plaza
- Exceeds retail minimum for District Centers, station area's designation (TOD Strategic Plan)

(Working) Profile

- Niche grocery store: 20,000-30,000 square feet
 - Anchor
 - Visible from Washington Street
- Neighborhood/community-serving retail: 3,000-5,000 square feet
- Food service: 8,000-10,000 square feet
- Artists and maker space/specialized flex space: 27,000 square feet

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Evolution of Place

- Design conceptualization
- Creating a sense of place
 - Gathering places
 - Community amenities
 - Pennsy Trail connection
- Connection of the urban fabric
- Programming a marketable and flexible community plan
- Creating a real plaza in Irvington





Community Gathering Places

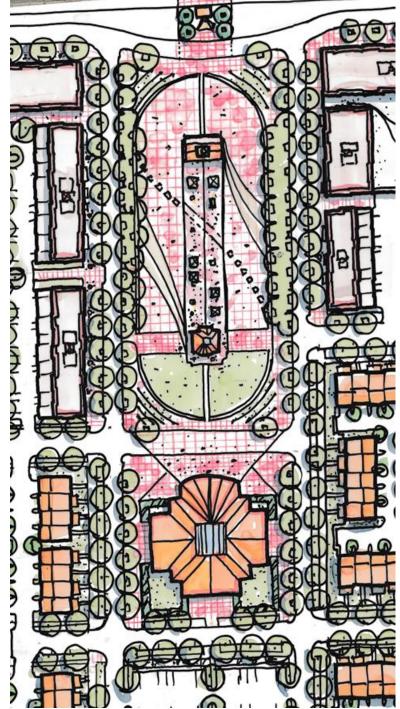
Community Arts & Performance Center

- Indoor/outdoor performing spaces
- Classrooms
- Exhibit & meeting spaces
- Cultural & fine arts spaces
- Studio & crafts hall









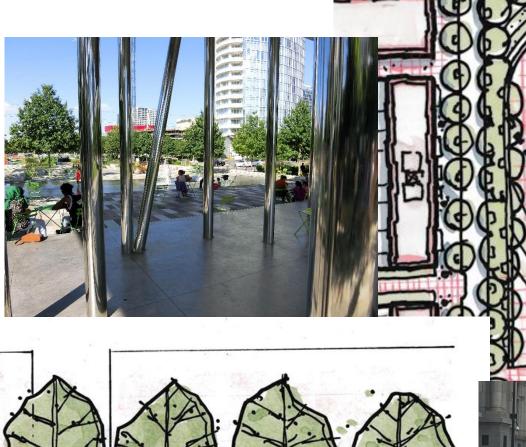
Community Gathering Places

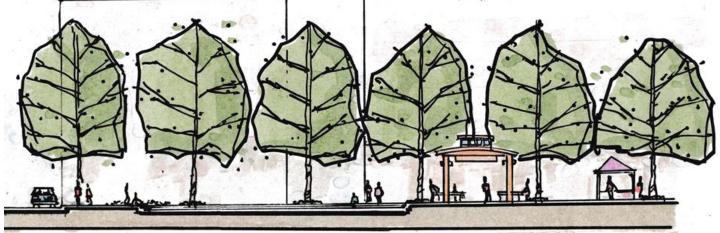


Community Gathering Places

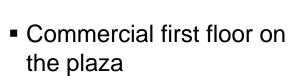
Outdoor Spaces

- Ice skating in winter / splash fountain in summer
- Outdoor seating
- Kiosks & pop-up stands
- Food truck parking
- Market & exhibit pavilion
- Auto loop that can be closed for festivals

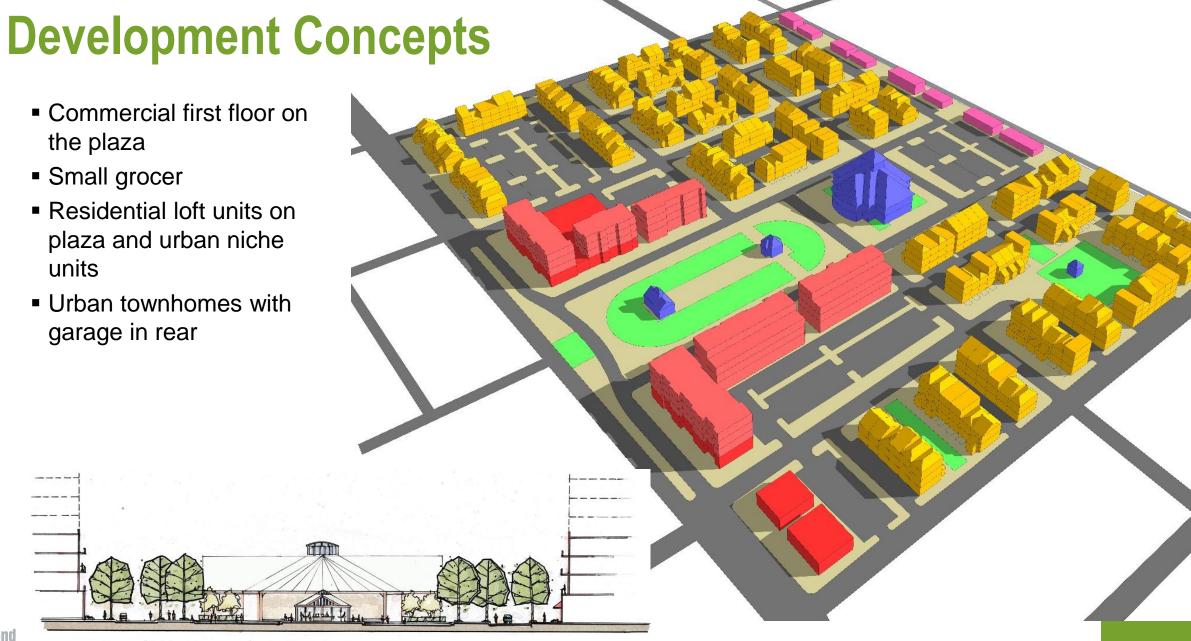








- Small grocer
- Residential loft units on plaza and urban niche units
- Urban townhomes with garage in rear





Development Concepts

- Tree-lined streets with side walks
- Shaded parking
- Street side guest parking
- Pennsy Trail connections
- Maker/creative space/loft cottages





Ford Site Study Area

- Transitional buffer area
- Park, ball fields, solar fields and parking
- Potential recreation fields for school and Irvington plaza community spaces





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Driving Multimodal Connectivity

- Capitalizing on the BRT
- Reconnecting Irvington
- Integration of urban grid
- Reinforcing Pennsy Trail



Capitalizing on the BRT

Foster Sustainability

Create a Gateway to Irvington

- Promote Irvington Plaza
- Name Ridgeview Drive station as "Irvington Plaza"
- Highlight BRT station with placemaking and special features
- Improve Washington Street pedestrian crossing

Strengthen BRT & TOD Relationship

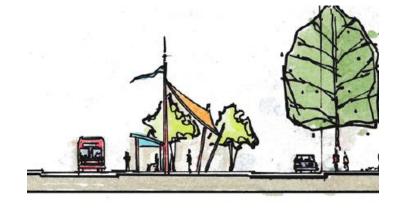
- BRT ridership projections support Irvington Plaza
- Increased TOD density creates more riders to support BRT







Source: www.indygored.com

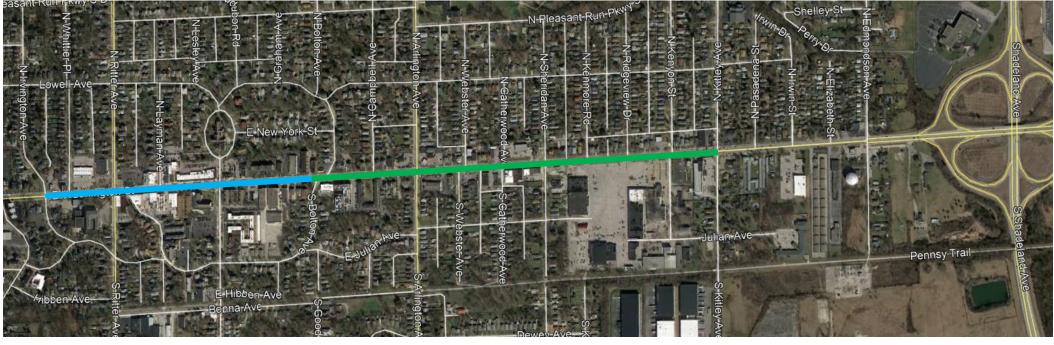




Reconnecting Irvington

- Extend streetscape from Historic Irvington to Irvington Plaza
 - Leverage Historic Irvington walkability (Walk Score: 78)
 - City support needed for construction and maintenance







Integrating the Urban Grid

Introduce urban grid through Irvington Plaza

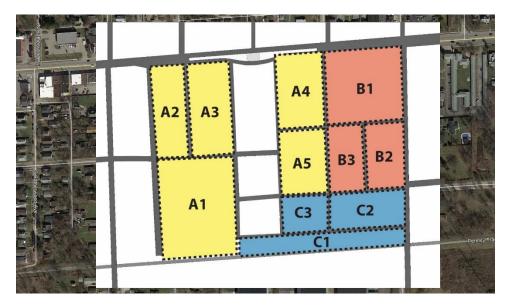
 Provides access to and through Irvington Plaza for all residents from all sides

Improve East-West connectivity south of Washington Street

- Promotes synergy between Historic Irvington and Irvington Plaza
- Promotes "Park Once" for users at Irvington to park once to walk between all destinations in Irvington (8 minute walk between Historic Irvington and Irvington Plaza)

Design Irvington Plaza as a Multimodal Hub

- Design elements to support bikeshare, carshare, dockless bicycle and scooters, and rideshare (Uber/Lyft) drop-off/pick-up considerations
- Connect Pennsy Trail to Irvington Plaza BRT station







Reinforcing the Pennsy Trail

Promote Pennsy Trail as local connector

 Encourage pedestrian bicycle connection between Historic Irvington, Irvington Plaza and Ford site

Address Limited Regional Connectivity

- Abrupt eastern terminus at Shortridge Road
- Need to improve wayfinding heading west to Ritter Avenue and north to Ellenberger Park









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Potential Issues / Solutions for Public Sector in Redevelopment

Overall challenges of public-agency led redevelopment

Importance of community engagement



Overall Challenges / Solutions for Public Agency Redevelopment

- Demanding of resources and capacity 3rd party support;
 transportation, urban design and finance
- Do exhaustive research
- Know upfront what you want to include in the planning for community that will impact negotiations
- Plan to shepherd approvals to build track record
- Steady focus and push hard
 - You can do it



Community Engagement

- Varying perspectives can be informative
- Engage community early and directly











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Leading from the Front

Implementation strategies

Value of certainty & public sector role

Upcoming steps



Implementation Strategies

- Larger, full-service private developer
- Private master developer & vertical developer(s)
- City as master developer
 - Self-perform
 - 3rd party fee developer
- Site assemblage informs potential phasing / block development
- Public improvements



Value of Certainty & Public Sector Role

Zoning

Streamlined infrastructure and utility coordination

Execution

Focal point

- Potential role for Irvington Development Organization
 - Year-round programming / curation of events
 - Funding for maintenance / operations

Upcoming Steps

- Determine implementation strategy
- Address zoning for Irvington Plaza area properties
- Engage broader community and key stakeholders
- Develop the community gathering space as informed by the community engagement
- Re-energizing the Irvington Development Organization



Alternative Financing / Additional Sources of Funds

Financing Tools & Incentive Programs

Joint Development

- \$2M Federal Transit Administration
- \$2M Equitable Transit-Oriented Development Fund through Indianapolis Neighborhood Housing Partnership (only for affordable housing)
- Local Irvington Plaza Economic Development Area designation (pending)
 - Unlocks tax increment financing to acquire land, clear sites, remediate, etc.
- Local Abatements
 - Real property & personal property tax
 - Vacant building
- State Corporate Income Tax Credits
 - Economic Development for a Growing Economy (EDGE)
 - Hoosier Business Investment (HBI)
- Federal
 - New Markets Tax Credits



Presentation Overview

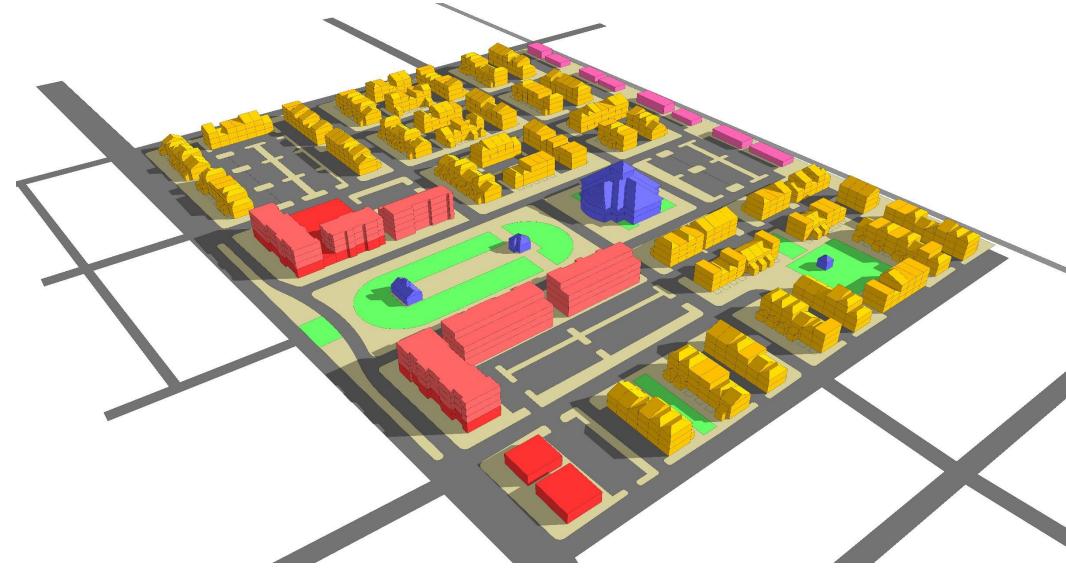
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Zoning / Density Map





Revenue / Value

- More than \$106 million in Value
- \$3 million in Annual Commercial Revenue
- Adds more than \$50 million to the Residential Tax Base

Townhomes	226 units	\$56,000,000
Apartment	214 units	\$36,000,000
Grocery	25,000 sq ft	\$8,000,000
Retail Space	10,000 sq ft	\$1,700,000
Office/Flex	24,000 sq ft	\$4,000,000
Total Value		\$106,000,000

Costs

	_			Total Cost /
	Quantity	Cost per Unit	Total Cost	Unit
Townhomes	226	\$150,000	\$41,000,000	\$181,125
Apartment	214	\$110,000	\$29,000,000	\$135,135
Grocery	25,000	\$100	\$3,200,000	\$131
Retail Space	10,000	\$100	\$1,300,000	\$131
Office/Flex	24,000	\$100	\$3,150,000	\$131
Site Prep	26	\$350,000	\$9,500,000	\$367,500
Plaza	88,000	\$25	\$2,700,000	\$30
Total Cost			\$90,000,000	



Property Valuation

 Property Value is the difference between Total Project Value and Total Non-Land Cost

Property Value	\$1,000,000
ROI	(\$15,000,000)
Non-Land Cost	(\$90,000,000)
Total Project Value	\$106,000,000



Private Developer Proforma

Value is \$106 million - this doesn't work!

Total Cost	\$110,808,390
ROI	\$15,000,000
Soft Costs	\$10,891,800
Hard Cost	\$78,916,590
Land	\$6,000,000



City as Master Developer

Total Cost	\$18,500,000
Site Prep and Plaza	\$12,500,000
Land	\$6,000,000



Healthy Proforma

With the City as Master Developer, economics now work

Developer Equity	\$24,000,000
Land Cost Paid to Government	\$3,500,000
Non-land Cost & ROI to Developers	(\$102,500,000)
Value	\$106,000,000



Funding of the City Work

■ Revenue from development will produce \$1.2 million in additional annual tax revenue.

Surplus	\$1,000,000
Cost	(\$18,500,000)
Total Sources	\$19,500,000
Land Sales	\$2,500,000
TIF Bond	\$17,000,000



Public / Private Partnership

Land Banking / Contribution TIF

- Property Value based on pure open market is not sufficient
- · City has the horizon to wait for all phases to come on line
- City can secure land or choose to provide the site preparation



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